$\/\/$ Approved for Filing: T.C. LeV ar $\/\/\/$

€ 02-09-04 12:20 PM **€**

	CLAIMS ON REAL PROPERTY	
	2004 GENERAL SESSION	
	STATE OF UTAH	
Sponsor: Gregory H. Hughes		
L	ONG TITLE	
G	General Description:	
	This bill modifies provisions of the Judicial Code governing pending actions involving	
re	eal property.	
Highlighted Provisions:		
	This bill:	
	 allows a notice of the pendency of an action involving real property to be expunged 	
u	nder certain circumstances; and	
	 allows, under certain circumstances, a person with an interest in real property that is 	
the subject of a notice of the pendency of an action to recover damages, costs, and		
at	ttorney fees.	
N	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:	
	None	
O	Other Special Clauses:	
	None	
U	Jtah Code Sections Affected:	
Е	ENACTS:	
	78-40-2.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953	



28	(1) As used in this section:	
29	(a) "Claimant" means a person who files a notice.	
30	(b) "Guarantee" means an agreement by a claimant to pay an amount of damages:	
31	(i) specified by the court;	
32	(ii) suffered as a result of the maintenance of a notice;	
33	(iii) to a person with an interest in the real property that is the subject of the notice; and	
34	(iv) if the requirements of Subsection (6) are met.	
35	(c) "Notice" means a notice of the pendency of an action filed under Section 78-40-2.	
36	(2) Any time after a notice has been recorded pursuant to Section 78-40-2, any of the	
37	following may make a motion to the court in which the action is pending to expunge the notice	
38	(a) a party to the action; or	
39	(b) a person with an interest in the real property affected by the notice.	
40	(3) A court shall order a notice expunged if:	
41	(a) the court receives a motion to expunge under Subsection (2); and	
42	(b) the court finds that the claimant has not established by a preponderance of the	
43	evidence the probable validity of the real property claim that is the subject of the notice.	
44	(4) If a court expunges a notice, the claimant may not record another notice with	
45	respect to the same property without approval of the court in which the action is pending.	
46	(5) Upon a motion by any person with an interest in the real property that is the subject	
47	of a notice, a court may require the claimant to give the moving party a guarantee as a	
48	condition of maintaining the notice:	
49	(a) any time after a notice has been recorded; and	
50	(b) regardless of whether the court has received an application to expunge under	
51	Subsection (2).	
52	(6) A person who receives a guarantee under Subsection (5) may recover an amount	
53	not to exceed the amount of the guarantee upon a showing that:	
54	(a) the claimant did not prevail on the real property claim; and	
55	(b) the person seeking the guarantee suffered damages as a result of the maintenance of	
56	the notice.	
57	(7) A court shall award costs and attorney fees to a prevailing party on any motion	
58	under this section unless the court finds that:	

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- (a) the nonprevailing party acted with substantial justification; or
 - (b) other circumstances make the imposition of attorney fees and costs unjust.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-5-04 10:39 AM

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A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note	Claims on Real Property	13-Feb-04
Bill Number HB0336		10:35 AM

State Impact

It is estimated that provisions of this bill can be implemented with existing resources.

Individual and Business Impact

It is not possible to determine the fiscal impact.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst